

# Prototype QTL Strategy: Phenotype bp in Cross hyper

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## Overview

### Initialization

### 1-D & 2-D Scans

### Anova Fit

### User Customized Section

### Conclusion

# Automated Strategy

- ▶ Estimate positions and effects of main QTL.
- ▶ Find chromosomes with epistasis.
- ▶ Estimate epistatic pair positions and effects.
- ▶ Confirm genetic architecture with ANOVA.

# Running Sweave

```
> library(qtlbim)

> qb.sweave(hyper, pheno.col = 1,
+ n.iter = 3000, n.draws = 64,
+ scan.type = "2logBF", hpd.level = 0.5,
+ threshold = c(upper = 2),
+ SweaveFile = "/tmp/Rinst1597416085/qtlbim/doc/hyperslide.Rnw",
+ SweaveExtra = "/tmp/Rinst1597416085/qtlbim/external/hyperslideextra.Rnw",
+ PDFDir = "bpPDF",
+ remove.qb = TRUE)
```

# Cross Object

```
> summary(cross)
```

Backcross

No. individuals: 250

No. phenotypes: 1

Percent phenotyped: 100

No. chromosomes: 19

Autosomes: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19

Total markers: 170

No. markers: 22 8 6 20 14 11 7 6 5 5 14 5 5 5 11 6 12 4 4

Percent genotyped: 47.9

Genotypes (%): AA:50.1 AB:49.9

# Create MCMC runs

```
> cross <- qb.genoprob(cross,step=2)
> cross.qb <- qb.mcmc(cross, pheno.col = pheno.col,
+   genoupdate=TRUE, n.iter = 3000, verbose=FALSE)
```

# 1-D 2logBF Scan

```
> hpd.level
[1] 0.5

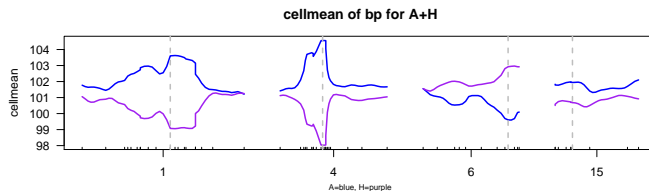
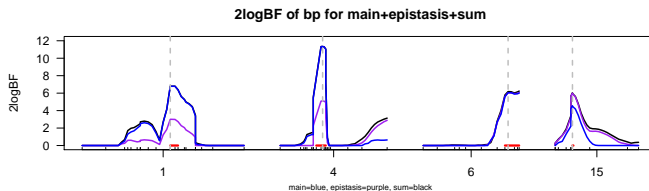
> cross.hpd <- qb.hpdone(cross.qb, hpd.level)
> sum.one <- summary(cross.hpd)
> sum.one
```

	chr	n.qtl	pos	lo.50%	hi.50%	2logBF	A	H
1	1	0.694	64.5	64.5	69.9	6.796	103.604	99.073
4	4	3.460	29.5	25.1	31.7	11.347	104.561	98.026
6	6	1.107	59.0	56.8	66.7	6.179	99.606	102.924
15	15	0.341	17.5	17.5	17.5	6.032	101.940	100.692

```
> chrs <- as.vector(sum.one[, "chr"])
> pos <- sum.one[, "pos"]

> plot(cross.hpd, profile = scan.type)
```

# 1-D Scan: 2logBF Profile





## 2-D: find epistatic pairs

```
> two <- qb.scantwo(cross.qb, chr = chrs, type = scan.type)
> sum.two <- summary(two, sort = "upper", threshold = threshold,
+   refine = TRUE)
> sum.two
```

	chr1	chr2	n.qtl	l.pos1	l.pos2	lower	u.pos1	u.pos2	upper
6.15	6	15	1.08	59	17.5	3.531	59	17.5	3.502

# Initial Genetic Architecture

```
> cross.arch <- qb.arch(sum.two, chrs, pos)
> cross.arch
```

main QTL loci:

	1	2	3	4
chr	1.0	4.0	6	15.0
pos	64.5	29.5	59	17.5

Epistatic pairs by qtl, chr, pos:

	qtl	a	b	chr	a	b
1	3	4	6	15	59	17.5

Epistatic chromosomes by connected sets:  
6,15

# Construct QTL Object

use R/qtl tools to check model fit  
first simulate missing markers  
then construct QTL object

```
> cross.sub <- subset(cross, chr = cross.arch$qt1$chr)
> n.draws

[1] 64

> cross.sub <- sim.geno(cross.sub, n.draws = n.draws, step = 2,
+   error = 0.01)
> qt1 <- makeqtl(cross.sub, cross.arch$qt1$chr, cross.arch$qt1$pos)
> cross.sub <- clean(cross.sub)
```

# Stepwise Reduction

```
> cross.step <- step.fitqtl(cross.sub, qtl, pheno.col, cross.arch)
```

```
> summary(cross.step$fit)
```

	df	SS	MS	LOD	%var	Pvalue(Chi2)	Pvalue(F)
Model	5	5367.235	1073.44690	19.65565	30.37667	0	0
Error	244	12301.702	50.41681				
Total	249	17668.936					

# Stepwise Reduction

	df	Type III SS	LOD	%var	F value	Pvalue(F)
Chr1@64.5	1	899.819	3.832	5.093	17.85	3.38e-05 ***
Chr4@29.5	1	2767.145	11.014	15.661	54.88	2.08e-12 ***
Chr6@59	2	1520.211	6.325	8.604	15.08	6.71e-07 ***
Chr15@17.5	2	1378.702	5.767	7.803	13.67	2.35e-06 ***
Chr6@59:Chr15@17.5	1	1082.070	4.577	6.124	21.46	5.87e-06 ***

# Reduced Genetic architecture

```
> cross.arch <- cross.step$arch  
> cross.arch
```

main QTL loci:

	1	2	3	4
chr	1.0	4.0	6	15.0
pos	64.5	29.5	59	17.5

Epistatic pairs by qtl, chr, pos:

q1	q2	chra	chrb	posa	posb
1	3	4	6	15	59 17.5

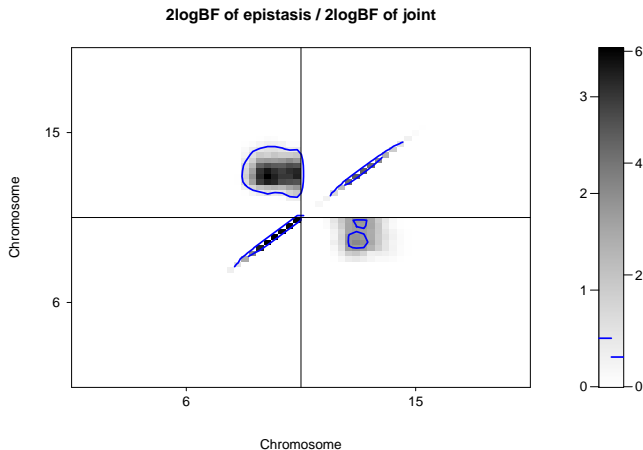
Epistatic chromosomes by connected sets:  
6,15

## 2-D Plots

### 2-D plots by cliques (if any epistasis)

```
> for(i in names(cross.arch$chr.by.set))  
+   plot(two, chr = cross.arch$chr.by.set[[i]], smooth = 3,  
+       col = "gray", contour = 3)
```

## 2-D Plots: clique 1



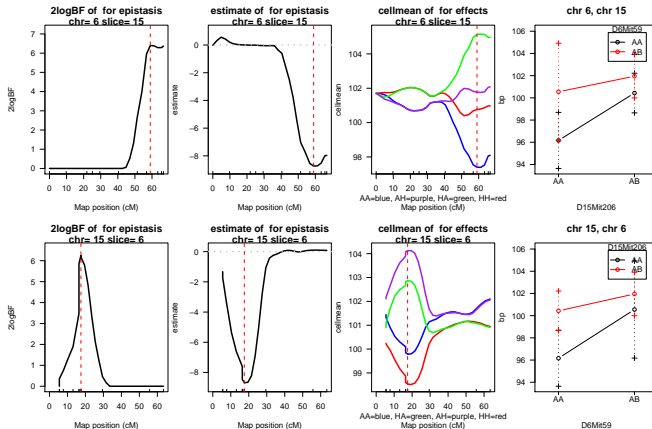


## Slice Each Epistatic Pair

show detail plots for epistatic pairs (if any)

```
> if(!is.null(cross.arch$pair.by.chr)) {  
+   for(i in seq(nrow(cross.arch$pair.by.chr$chr))) {  
+     chri <- cross.arch$pair.by.chr$chr[i,]  
+     posi <- cross.arch$pair.by.chr$pos[i,]  
+     plot(qb.slicetwo(cross.qb, chri, posi, scan.type))  
+   }  
+ }
```

# Epistatic Pair 6 and 15



# Compare with Literature

Sugiyama et al. (2002) found:  
two main QTLs on 1 4  
two epistatic pairs with 6.15, 7.15  
compare to present model:

```
> arch3 <- qb.arch(cross.step, main = c(1, 4), epistasis = data.frame(q1 = c(6,  
+ 7), q2 = rep(15, 2)))  
> arch3
```

# Sugiyama Model

```
> cross.step2 <- step.fitqtl(cross.sub, qtl, pheno.col, arch3)  
> summary(cross.step2$fit)
```

# Sugiyama vs. Automata

formal comparison with automated model

```
> anova(cross.step, cross.step2)
```

final tasks:

externally rename file hyperslide.tex to bp.tex

and run pdflatex twice on it

remove objects created by R/qtlbim if desired

```
> file.rename("hyperslide.tex", "bp.tex")
> invisible(system("pdflatex bp.tex",intern=TRUE))
> invisible(system("pdflatex bp.tex",intern=TRUE))

> remove.qb

[1] FALSE

> if (remove.qb) {
+   qb.remove(cross.qb)
+   rm(cross, cross.sub, pheno.col, threshold, n.iter, n.draws,
+     remove.qb)
+ }
```