
Stream: Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF)
RFC: [9742](#)
Category: Standards Track
Published: March 2025
ISSN: 2070-1721
Authors: J. Clarke, Ed. M. Jethanandani, Ed. C. Wildes, Ed. K. Koushik, Ed.
Cisco Kloud Services Cisco Systems Inc. Verizon Wireless

RFC 9742

A YANG Data Model for Syslog Configuration

Abstract

This document defines a YANG data model for the configuration of a syslog process. It is intended that this data model be used by vendors who implement syslog collectors in their systems.

Status of This Memo

This is an Internet Standards Track document.

This document is a product of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). It represents the consensus of the IETF community. It has received public review and has been approved for publication by the Internet Engineering Steering Group (IESG). Further information on Internet Standards is available in Section 2 of RFC 7841.

Information about the current status of this document, any errata, and how to provide feedback on it may be obtained at <https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc9742>.

Copyright Notice

Copyright (c) 2025 IETF Trust and the persons identified as the document authors. All rights reserved.

This document is subject to BCP 78 and the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions Relating to IETF Documents (<https://trustee.ietf.org/license-info>) in effect on the date of publication of this document. Please review these documents carefully, as they describe your rights and restrictions with respect to this document. Code Components extracted from this document must include Revised BSD License text as described in Section 4.e of the Trust Legal Provisions and are provided without warranty as described in the Revised BSD License.

Table of Contents

1. Introduction	3
1.1. Requirements Language	3
2. Terminology	3
3. NMDA Compliance	4
4. Design of the Syslog Model	4
4.1. Syslog Module	6
5. Syslog YANG Module	9
5.1. The ietf-syslog Module	9
6. Usage Examples	25
6.1. Syslog Configuration for Severity Critical	25
6.2. Remote Syslog Configuration	26
7. IANA Considerations	27
7.1. The IETF XML Registry	27
7.2. The YANG Module Names Registry	27
8. Security Considerations	28
9. References	29
9.1. Normative References	29
9.2. Informative References	30
Appendix A. Tree Diagrams	31
A.1. Complete Tree Diagram	31
Appendix B. Implementer Guidelines	39
B.1. Extending Facilities	39
B.2. Syslog Terminal Output	40
B.3. Syslog File Naming Convention	40
Acknowledgements	41
Authors' Addresses	41

1. Introduction

This document defines a YANG [RFC7950] configuration data model that may be used to configure the syslog feature running on a system. YANG data models can be used with network management protocols such as NETCONF [RFC6241] to install, manipulate, and delete the configuration of network devices.

The data model makes use of the YANG "feature" construct that allows implementations to support only those syslog features that lie within their capabilities.

This module can be used to configure the syslog application conceptual layers as implemented on the syslog collector.

Essentially, a syslog process receives messages (from the kernel, processes, applications, or other syslog processes) and processes them. The processing may involve logging to a local file, displaying on console, and/or relaying to syslog processes on other machines. The process is determined by the "facility" that originated the message and the "severity" assigned to the message by the facility.

Such definitions of syslog protocol are defined in [RFC5424] and are used in this RFC.

The YANG data model in this document conforms to the Network Management Datastore Architecture defined in [RFC8342].

1.1. Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119] [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

2. Terminology

The following terms are used throughout this document:

Originator: An "originator" refers to an entity that generates syslog content to be carried in a message. The term is defined in [RFC5424].

Relay: A "relay" is an entity that forwards syslog messages. It accepts messages from originators or other relays and sends them to collectors or other relays. The term is defined in [RFC5424].

Collector: A "collector" gathers syslog content for further analysis. The term is defined in [RFC5424].

Action: The term "action" refers to the process that takes place for each syslog message received.

3. NMDA Compliance

The YANG data model in this document conforms to the Network Management Datastore Architecture (NMDA) defined in [\[RFC8342\]](#).

4. Design of the Syslog Model

The syslog model was designed by comparing various syslog features implemented by various vendors in different implementations.

The module defines leafs that are common across implementations. Its simple design is meant to offer maximum flexibility. However, not all optional features defined in this document are present in all vendor implementations. Therefore, vendors need to use the feature statements to specify the optional features they support. At the same time, vendors can augment the model to add proprietary features. [Extending Facilities \(Appendix B.1\)](#) shows an examples of how that can be realized.

Syslog consists of originators and collectors. The following diagram shows syslog messages flowing from originators to collectors where filtering can take place.

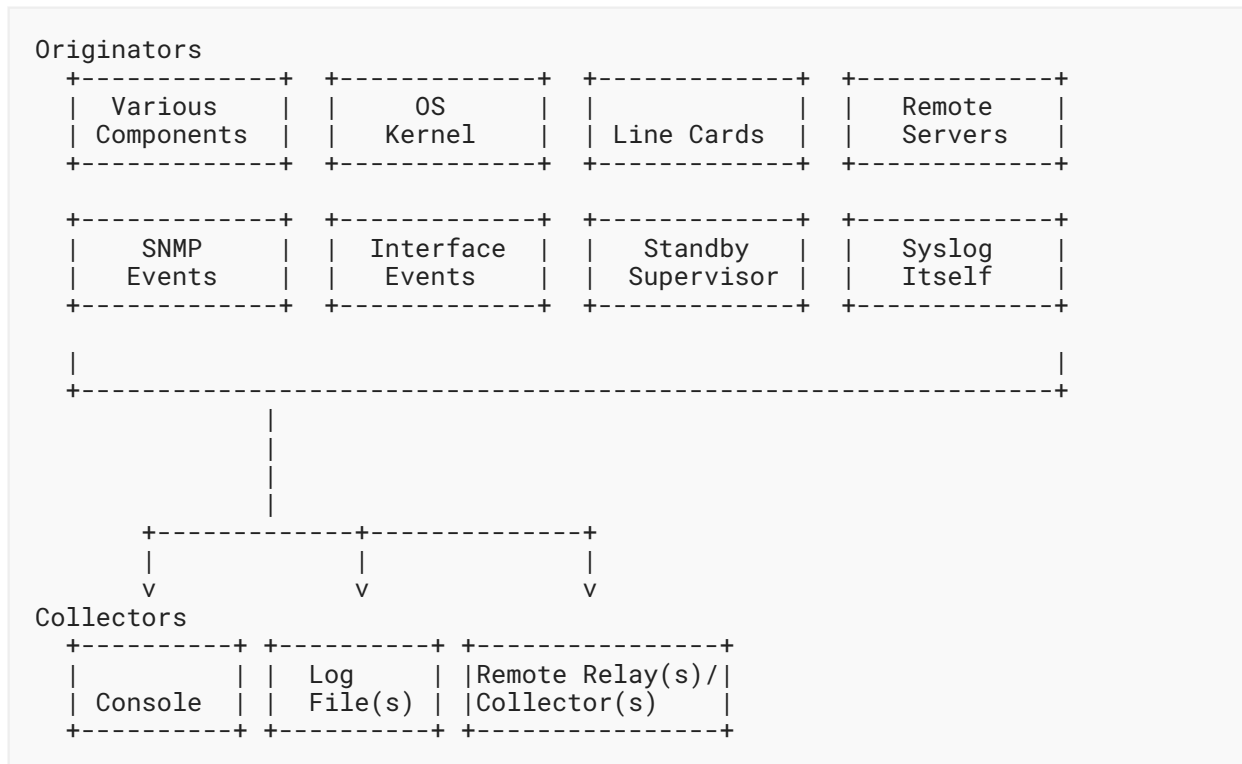


Figure 1: Syslog Processing Flow

Collectors are configured using the leaves in the syslog model "actions" container that correspond to each message collector:

- console
- log file(s)
- remote relay(s)/collector(s)

Within each action, a selector is used to filter syslog messages. A selector consists of a list of one or more filters specified by facility-severity pairs, and, if supported via the select-match feature, an optional regular expression pattern match that is performed on the [\[RFC5424\]](#) field.

A syslog message is processed if:

There is an element of facility-list (F, S) where
the message facility matches F
and the message severity matches S
and/or the message text matches the regex pattern (if it
is present)

The facility is one of a specific syslog-facility or all facilities.

The model offers the ability to select a transport that a user might want to use for a remote relay or collector. The choice is between using UDP or TLS-based sessions. The user can configure multiple relays or collectors, but they have to use the same transport.

The severity is one of type `syslog-severity`, all severities, or none. None is a special case that can be used to disable a filter. When filtering severity, the default comparison is that messages of the specified severity and higher are selected to be logged. This is shown in the model as "default equals-or-higher". This behavior can be altered if the `select-adv-compare` feature is enabled to specify a compare operation and an action. Compare operations are: "equals" to select messages with this single severity, or "equals-or-higher" to select messages of the specified severity and higher. Actions are used to log the message, block the message, or stop the message from being logged.

Many vendors extend the list of facilities available for logging in their implementation. An example is included in "Extending Facilities" ([Appendix B.1](#)).

4.1. Syslog Module

A simplified tree representation of the data model is used in this document. Please see [[RFC8340](#)] for tree diagram notation.

```

module: ietf-syslog
+--rw syslog!
+--rw actions
+--rw console! {console-action}?
|   +--rw filter
|   |   +--rw facility-list* [facility severity]
|   |   |   +--rw facility          union
|   |   |   +--rw severity          union
|   |   |   +--rw advanced-compare {select-adv-compare}?
|   |   |   |   +--rw compare?      enumeration
|   |   |   |   +--rw action?      identityref
|   |   +--rw pattern-match?      string {select-match}?
+--rw file {file-action}?
+--rw log-file* [name]
|   +--rw name          inet:uri
|   +--rw filter
|   |   +--rw facility-list* [facility severity]
|   |   |   +--rw facility          union
|   |   |   +--rw severity          union
|   |   |   +--rw advanced-compare {select-adv-compare}?
|   |   |   |   +--rw compare?      enumeration
|   |   |   |   +--rw action?      identityref
|   |   +--rw pattern-match?      string {select-match}?
|   +--rw structured-data?      boolean {structured-data}?
+--rw file-rotation
|   +--rw number-of-files?      uint32 {file-limit-size}?
|   +--rw max-file-size?        uint32 {file-limit-size}?
|   +--rw rollover?             uint32
|   |   {file-limit-duration}?
|   +--rw retention?            uint32
|   |   {file-limit-duration}?
+--rw remote {remote-action}?
+--rw destination* [name]
|   +--rw name              string
+--rw (transport)
|   +--:(udp)
|   |   +--rw udp
|   |   |   +--rw udp* [address]
|   |   |   |   +--rw address      inet:host
|   |   |   |   +--rw port?       inet:port-number
|   +--:(tls)
|   |   +--rw tls
|   |   |   +--rw tls* [address]
|   |   |   |   +--rw address          inet:host
|   |   |   |   +--rw port?
|   |   |   |   |   inet:port-number
|   |   |   |   +--rw client-identity!
|   |   |   |   |   +--rw (auth-type)
|   |   |   |   |   ...
|   |   |   |   +--rw server-authentication
|   |   |   |   |   +--rw ca-certs! {server-auth-x509-cert}?
|   |   |   |   |   |   ...
|   |   |   |   |   +--rw ee-certs! {server-auth-x509-cert}?
|   |   |   |   |   |   ...
|   |   |   |   +--rw raw-public-keys!
|   |   |   |   |   {server-auth-raw-public-key}?
|   |   |   |   |   ...

```

```

| | | +--rw tls12-psks?          empty
| | | | {server-auth-tls12-psk}?
| | | +--rw tls13-epsks?      empty
| | | | {server-auth-tls13-epsk}?
+--rw hello-params {tlscmn:hello-params}?
| +--rw tls-versions
| | ...
| +--rw cipher-suites
| | ...
+--rw keepalives {tls-client-keepalives}?
+--rw peer-allowed-to-send? empty
+--rw test-peer-aliveness!
| | ...
+--rw filter
| +--rw facility-list* [facility severity]
| | +--rw facility          union
| | +--rw severity          union
| | +--rw advanced-compare {select-adv-compare}?
| | | +--rw compare? enumeration
| | | +--rw action?      identityref
+--rw pattern-match?      string {select-match}?
+--rw structured-data?    boolean {structured-data}?
+--rw facility-override? identityref
+--rw source-interface?   if:interface-ref
| {remote-source-interface}?
+--rw signing! {signed-messages}?
+--rw cert-signers
+--rw cert-signer* [name]
| +--rw name                string
| +--rw cert
| | +--rw public-key-format?
| | | identityref
| | +--rw public-key?          binary
| | +--rw private-key-format?
| | | identityref
| | +--rw (private-key-type)
| | | +--:(cleartext-private-key)
| | | | {cleartext-private-keys}?
| | | | ...
| | | +--:(hidden-private-key)
| | | | {hidden-private-keys}?
| | | | ...
| | | +--:(encrypted-private-key)
| | | | {encrypted-private-keys}?
| | | | ...
| | +--rw cert-data?
| | | end-entity-cert-cms
| | +---n certificate-expiration
| | | {certificate-expiration-notification}?
| | | +-- expiration-date
| | | | yang:date-and-time
| | +---x generate-csr {csr-generation}?
| | | +---w input
| | | | ...
| | | +--ro output
| | | | ...
| | +--rw hash-algorithm? enumeration
+--rw cert-initial-repeat? uint32

```



```
+-rw cert-resend-delay?      uint32
+-rw cert-resend-count?     uint32
+-rw sig-max-delay?         uint32
+-rw sig-number-resends?    uint32
+-rw sig-resend-delay?      uint32
+-rw sig-resend-count?     uint32
```

Figure 2: Tree Diagram for Syslog Model

5. Syslog YANG Module

5.1. The ietf-syslog Module

This module imports typedefs from [\[RFC6991\]](#), [\[RFC8343\]](#), groupings from [\[RFC9640\]](#), and [\[RFC9645\]](#). It references [\[RFC5424\]](#), [\[RFC5425\]](#), [\[RFC5426\]](#), [\[RFC5848\]](#), [\[RFC8089\]](#), [\[RFC8174\]](#), and [\[Std-1003.1-2008\]](#).

```
<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-syslog@2025-03-03.yang"

module ietf-syslog {
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-syslog";
  prefix syslog;

  import ietf-inet-types {
    prefix inet;
    reference
      "RFC 6991: Common YANG Data Types";
  }
  import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix if;
    reference
      "RFC 8343: A YANG Data Model for Interface Management";
  }
  import ietf-tls-client {
    prefix tlsc;
    reference
      "RFC 9645: YANG Groupings for TLS Clients and TLS Servers";
  }
  import ietf-crypto-types {
    prefix ct;
    reference
      "RFC 9640: YANG Data Types and Groupings for Cryptography";
  }

  organization
    "IETF NETMOD (Network Modeling) Working Group";
  contact
    "WG Web: <https://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/netmod/>
    WG List: <mailto:netmod@ietf.org>

    Editor: Mahesh Jethanandani
    <mailto:mjethanandani@gmail.com>

    Editor: Joe Clarke
    <mailto:jclarke@cisco.com>

    Editor: Kiran Agrahara Sreenivasa
    <mailto:kirankoushik.agraharasreenivasa@verizonwireless.com>

    Editor: Clyde Wildes
    <mailto:clyde@clydewildes.com>";
  description
    "This module contains a collection of YANG definitions
    for syslog configuration.

    Copyright (c) 2025 IETF Trust and the persons identified as
    authors of the code. All rights reserved.

    Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or
    without modification, is permitted pursuant to, and subject
    to the license terms contained in, the Revised BSD License
    set forth in Section 4.c of the IETF Trust's Legal
    Provisions Relating to IETF Documents
```

(<https://trustee.ietf.org/license-info>).

This version of this YANG module is part of RFC 9742 (<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc9742>); see the RFC itself for full legal notices.

The key words 'MUST', 'MUST NOT', 'REQUIRED', 'SHALL', 'SHALL NOT', 'SHOULD', 'SHOULD NOT', 'RECOMMENDED', 'NOT RECOMMENDED', 'MAY', and 'OPTIONAL' in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 (RFC 2119) (RFC 8174) when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.";

```
revision 2025-03-03 {
  description
    "Initial Revision";
  reference
    "RFC 9742: Syslog YANG Module";
}

feature console-action {
  description
    "This feature indicates that the local console action is
    supported.";
}

feature file-action {
  description
    "This feature indicates that the local file action is
    supported.";
}

feature file-limit-size {
  description
    "This feature indicates that file logging resources
    are managed using size and number limits.";
}

feature file-limit-duration {
  description
    "This feature indicates that file logging resources
    are managed using time based limits.";
}

feature remote-action {
  description
    "This feature indicates that the remote server action is
    supported.";
}

feature remote-source-interface {
  description
    "This feature indicates that source-interface is supported
    for the remote-action.";
}

feature select-adv-compare {
  description
```

```
    "This feature represents the ability to select messages
    using the additional comparison operators when comparing
    the syslog message severity.";
}

feature select-match {
  description
    "This feature represents the ability to select messages
    based on a Posix 1003.2 regular expression pattern
    match.";
}

feature structured-data {
  description
    "This feature represents the ability to log messages
    in structured-data format.";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

feature signed-messages {
  description
    "This feature represents the ability to configure signed
    syslog messages.";
  reference
    "RFC 5848: Signed Syslog Messages";
}

typedef syslog-severity {
  type enumeration {
    enum emergency {
      value 0;
      description
        "The severity level 'Emergency' indicates that the
        system is unusable.";
    }
    enum alert {
      value 1;
      description
        "The severity level 'Alert' indicates that an
        action must be taken immediately.";
    }
    enum critical {
      value 2;
      description
        "The severity level 'Critical' indicates a
        critical condition.";
    }
    enum error {
      value 3;
      description
        "The severity level 'Error' indicates an error
        condition.";
    }
    enum warning {
      value 4;
      description
        "The severity level 'Warning' indicates a warning
```

```
        condition.";
    }
    enum notice {
        value 5;
        description
            "The severity level 'Notice' indicates a normal
            but significant condition.";
    }
    enum info {
        value 6;
        description
            "The severity level 'Info' indicates an
            informational message.";
    }
    enum debug {
        value 7;
        description
            "The severity level 'Debug' indicates a
            debug-level message.";
    }
}
description
    "The definitions for Syslog message severity.
    Note that a lower value is a higher severity. Comparisons
    of equal-or-higher severity mean equal-or-lower numeric
    value";
reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity syslog-facility {
    description
        "This identity is used as a base for all syslog
        facilities.";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity kern {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for kernel messages (0).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity user {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for user-level messages (1).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity mail {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for the mail system (2).";
```

```
reference
  "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity daemon {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for the system daemons (3).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity auth {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for security/authorization messages (4).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity syslog {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for messages generated internally by a syslogd
    facility (5).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity lpr {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for the line printer subsystem (6).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity news {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for the network news subsystem (7).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity uucp {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for the Unix-to-Unix Copy (UUCP) subsystem (8).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity cron {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for the clock daemon (9).";
  reference
```

```
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity authpriv {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for privileged security/authorization
            messages (10).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity ftp {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for the FTP daemon (11).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity ntp {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for the NTP subsystem (12).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity audit {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for log audit messages (13).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity console {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for log alert messages (14).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity cron2 {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for the second clock daemon (15).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity local0 {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for local use 0 messages (16).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
```

```
}  
  
identity local1 {  
  base syslog-facility;  
  description  
    "The facility for local use 1 messages (17).";  
  reference  
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";  
}  
  
identity local2 {  
  base syslog-facility;  
  description  
    "The facility for local use 2 messages (18).";  
  reference  
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";  
}  
  
identity local3 {  
  base syslog-facility;  
  description  
    "The facility for local use 3 messages (19).";  
  reference  
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";  
}  
  
identity local4 {  
  base syslog-facility;  
  description  
    "The facility for local use 4 messages (20).";  
  reference  
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";  
}  
  
identity local5 {  
  base syslog-facility;  
  description  
    "The facility for local use 5 messages (21).";  
  reference  
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";  
}  
  
identity local6 {  
  base syslog-facility;  
  description  
    "The facility for local use 6 messages (22).";  
  reference  
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";  
}  
  
identity local7 {  
  base syslog-facility;  
  description  
    "The facility for local use 7 messages (23).";  
  reference  
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";  
}
```



```
identity action {
  description
    "Base identity for action for how a message will be
    handled.";
}

identity log {
  base action;
  description
    "This identity specifies that if the compare operation is
    true, the message will be logged.";
}

identity block {
  base action;
  description
    "This identity specifies that if the compare operation is
    true, the message will not be logged.";
}

identity stop {
  base action;
  description
    "This identity specifies that if the compare operation is
    true, the message will not be logged and no further
    processing will occur for it.";
}

grouping severity-filter {
  description
    "This grouping defines the processing used to select
    log messages by comparing syslog message severity using
    the following processing rules:
    - if 'none', do not match.
    - if 'all', match.
    - else, compare message severity with the specified
    severity according to the default compare rule (all
    messages of the specified severity and greater match)
    or if the select-adv-compare feature is present, use
    the advance-compare rule.";
  leaf severity {
    type union {
      type syslog-severity;
      type enumeration {
        enum none {
          value 2147483647;
          description
            "This enum describes the case where no
            severities are selected.";
        }
        enum all {
          value -2147483648;
          description
            "This enum describes the case where all
            severities are selected.";
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```
    mandatory true;
    description
      "This leaf specifies the syslog message severity.";
  }
  container advanced-compare {
    when "../severity != \"all\" and
      ../severity != \"none\"" {
      description
        "The advanced compare container is not applicable
          for severity 'all' or severity 'none'";
    }
    if-feature "select-adv-compare";
    leaf compare {
      type enumeration {
        enum equals {
          description
            "This enum specifies that the severity
              comparison operation will be equals.";
        }
        enum equals-or-higher {
          description
            "This enum specifies that the severity
              comparison operation will be equals or
              higher.";
        }
      }
      default "equals-or-higher";
      description
        "The compare can be used to specify the comparison
          operator that should be used to compare the syslog
          message severity with the specified severity.";
    }
    leaf action {
      type identityref {
        base action;
      }
      default "log";
      description
        "The action can be used to specify how the message
          should be handled. This may include logging the
          message, not logging the message (i.e., blocking
          it), or stopping further processing.";
    }
    description
      "This container describes additional severity compare
        operations that can be used in place of the default
        severity comparison. The compare leaf specifies the
        type of the compare that is done and the action leaf
        specifies the intended result.
        Example: compare->equals and action->block means
        messages that have a severity that are equal to the
        specified severity will not be logged.";
  }
}

grouping selector {
  description
    "This grouping defines a syslog selector, which is used to
```

```

    select log messages for the log-actions (console, file,
    remote, etc.). Choose one or both of the following:
    facility [<facility> <severity>...]
    pattern-match regular-expression-match-string
    If both facility and pattern-match are specified, both
    must match in order for a log message to be selected.";
container filter {
  description
    "This container describes the syslog filter
    parameters.";
  list facility-list {
    key "facility severity";
    ordered-by user;
    description
      "This list describes a collection of syslog
      facilities and severities.";
    leaf facility {
      type union {
        type identityref {
          base syslog-facility;
        }
        type enumeration {
          enum all {
            description
              "This enum describes the case where
              all facilities are requested.";
          }
        }
      }
      description
        "The leaf uniquely identifies a syslog
        facility.";
    }
    uses severity-filter;
  }
}
leaf pattern-match {
  if-feature "select-match";
  type string;
  description
    "This leaf describes a Posix 1003.2 regular expression
    string that can be used to select a syslog message for
    logging. The match is performed on the SYSLOG-MSG
    field.";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol
    Std-1003.1-2008 Regular Expressions";
}
}

grouping structured-data {
  description
    "This grouping defines the syslog structured data option,
    which is used to select the format used to write log
    messages.";
  leaf structured-data {
    if-feature "structured-data";
    type boolean;
  }
}

```

```
    default "false";
    description
      "This leaf describes how log messages are written.
      If true, messages will be written with one or more
      STRUCTURED-DATA elements; if false, messages will be
      written with STRUCTURED-DATA = NILVALUE.";
    reference
      "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
  }
}

container syslog {
  presence "Enables logging.";
  description
    "This container describes the configuration parameters for
    syslog.";
  container actions {
    description
      "This container describes the log-action parameters
      for syslog.";
    container console {
      if-feature "console-action";
      presence "Enables logging to the console";
      description
        "This container describes the configuration
        parameters for console logging.";
      uses selector;
    }
    container file {
      if-feature "file-action";
      description
        "This container describes the configuration
        parameters for file logging.  If file-archive
        limits are not supplied, it is assumed that
        the local implementation defined limits will
        be used.";
      list log-file {
        key "name";
        description
          "This list describes a collection of local
          logging files.";
        leaf name {
          type inet:uri {
            pattern 'file:.*';
          }
          description
            "This leaf specifies the name of the log
            file, which MUST use the uri scheme
            file:.";
          reference
            "RFC 8089: The file URI Scheme";
        }
        uses selector;
        uses structured-data;
        container file-rotation {
          description
            "This container describes the configuration
            parameters for log file rotation.";
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```



```
    }
    choice transport {
      mandatory true;
      description
        "This choice describes the transport option.";
      case udp {
        container udp {
          description
            "This container describes the UDP transport
            options.";
          reference
            "RFC 5426: Transmission of Syslog Messages over
            UDP";
          list udp {
            key "address";
            description
              "List of all UDP sessions.";
            leaf address {
              type inet:host;
              description
                "The leaf uniquely specifies the address of the
                remote host. One of the following must be
                specified:
                - an ipv4 address,
                - an ipv6 address, or a
                - host name.";
            }
            leaf port {
              type inet:port-number;
              default "514";
              description
                "This leaf specifies the port number used to
                deliver messages to the remote server.";
            }
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
case tls {
  container tls {
    description
      "This container describes the TLS transport
      options.";
    reference
      "RFC 5425: Transport Layer Security (TLS) Transport
      Mapping for Syslog ";
    list tls {
      key "address";
      description
        "List of all TLS-based sessions.";
      leaf address {
        type inet:host;
        description
          "The leaf uniquely specifies the address of the
          remote host. One of the following must be
          specified: an ipv4 address, an ipv6 address,
          or a host name.";
      }
      leaf port {
```

```
        type inet:port-number;
        default "6514";
        description
            "TCP port 6514 has been allocated as the
             default port for syslog over TLS.";
    }
    uses tlsc:tls-client-grouping;
}
}
}
}
}
uses selector;
uses structured-data;
leaf facility-override {
    type identityref {
        base syslog-facility;
    }
    description
        "If specified, this leaf specifies the facility used
         to override the facility in messages delivered to the
         remote server.";
}
leaf source-interface {
    if-feature "remote-source-interface";
    type if:interface-ref;
    description
        "This leaf sets the source interface to be used to
         send messages to the remote syslog server. If not set,
         messages can be sent on any interface.";
}
container signing {
    if-feature "signed-messages";
    presence "If present, syslog-signing options is
             activated.";
    description
        "This container describes the configuration
         parameters for signed syslog messages.";
    reference
        "RFC 5848: Signed Syslog Messages";
    container cert-signers {
        description
            "This container describes the signing certificate
             configuration for Signature Group 0, which covers
             the case for administrators who want all Signature
             Blocks to be sent to a single destination.";
        list cert-signer {
            key "name";
            description
                "This list describes a collection of syslog message
                 signers.";
            leaf name {
                type string;
                description
                    "This leaf specifies the name of the syslog
                     message signer.";
            }
            container cert {
                uses ct:asymmetric-key-pair-with-cert-grouping;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
        description
            "This is the certificate that is periodically
            sent to the remote receiver. The certificate is
            inherently associated with its private
            and public keys.";
    }
    leaf hash-algorithm {
        type enumeration {
            enum SHA1 {
                value 1;
                description
                    "This enum describes the SHA1 algorithm.";
            }
            enum SHA256 {
                value 2;
                description
                    "This enum describes the SHA256 algorithm.";
            }
        }
        description
            "This leaf describes the syslog signer hash
            algorithm used.";
    }
}
leaf cert-initial-repeat {
    type uint32;
    default "3";
    description
        "This leaf specifies the number of times each
        Certificate Block should be sent before the first
        message is sent.";
}
leaf cert-resend-delay {
    type uint32;
    units "seconds";
    default "3600";
    description
        "This leaf specifies the maximum time delay in
        seconds until resending the Certificate Block.";
}
leaf cert-resend-count {
    type uint32;
    default "0";
    description
        "This leaf specifies the maximum number of other
        syslog messages to send until resending the
        Certificate Block.";
}
leaf sig-max-delay {
    type uint32;
    units "seconds";
    default "60";
    description
        "This leaf specifies when to generate a new
        Signature Block. If this many seconds have elapsed
        since the message with the first message number
        of the Signature Block was sent, a new Signature
        Block should be generated.";
```



```
[note: '\' line wrapping for formatting only]

<!--
  Enable console logging of syslogs of severity critical
-->

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<syslog xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-syslog">
  <actions>
    <console>
      <filter>
        <facility-list>
          <facility>all</facility>
          <severity>critical</severity>
        </facility-list>
      </filter>
    </console>
  </actions>
</syslog>
```

Figure 4: Syslog Configuration for Severity Critical

6.2. Remote Syslog Configuration

```
[note: '\' line wrapping for formatting only]

<!--
  Enable remote logging of syslogs to udp destination
  foo.example.com for facility auth, severity error
-->
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<syslog xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-syslog">
  <actions>
    <remote>
      <destination>
        <name>remote1</name>
        <udp>
          <udp>
            <address>foo.example.com</address>
          </udp>
        </udp>
      <filter>
        <facility-list>
          <facility>auth</facility>
          <severity>error</severity>
        </facility-list>
      </filter>
    </destination>
  </remote>
</actions>
</syslog>
```

Figure 5: Remote Syslog Configuration

7. IANA Considerations

7.1. The IETF XML Registry

This document registers one URI in the "IETF XML Registry", following the format defined in [\[RFC3688\]](#):

URI: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-syslog
Registrant Contact: The IESG.
XML: N/A; the requested URI is an XML namespace.

7.2. The YANG Module Names Registry

This document registers one YANG module in the "YANG Module Names" registry [\[RFC8525\]](#), following the format in [\[RFC7950\]](#):

Name: ietf-syslog
Namespace: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-syslog
Prefix: syslog

Reference: RFC 9742

8. Security Considerations

This section is modeled after the template defined in [Section 3.7.1](#) of [\[RFC8407\]](#).

The YANG module specified in this document defines a schema for data that is designed to be accessed via network management protocols such as NETCONF [\[RFC6241\]](#) or RESTCONF [\[RFC8040\]](#). The lowest NETCONF layer is the secure transport layer, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is Secure Shell (SSH) [\[RFC4252\]](#). The lowest RESTCONF layer is HTTPS, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is TLS [\[RFC8446\]](#).

The Network Configuration Access Control Model (NACM) [\[RFC8341\]](#) provides the means to restrict access for particular NETCONF or RESTCONF users to a preconfigured subset of all available NETCONF or RESTCONF protocol operations and content.

This module imports groupings from ietf-crypto-types YANG module defined in [YANG Groupings for Crypto Types](#) [\[RFC9640\]](#). Security considerations described in that document apply to this module also.

There are a number of data nodes defined in this YANG module that are writable/creatable/deletable (i.e., config true, which is the default). These data nodes should be considered sensitive or vulnerable in all network environments. Logging in particular is used to assess the state of systems and can be used to indicate a network compromise. If logging were to be disabled through malicious means, attacks may not be readily detectable. Therefore, write operations (e.g., edit-config) to these data nodes without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations and on network security.

In addition, there are data nodes that require careful analysis and review. These are the subtrees and data nodes and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

facility-filter/pattern-match: When writing this node, implementations **MUST** ensure that the regular expression pattern match is not constructed to cause a regular expression denial-of-service attack due to a pattern that causes the regular expression implementation to work very slowly (exponentially related to input size).

remote/destination/signing/cert-signer: When writing this subtree, implementations **MUST NOT** specify a private key that is used for any other purpose.

Some of the readable data nodes in this YANG module may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control read access (e.g., via get, get-config, or notification) to these data nodes. These are the subtrees and data nodes and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

remote/destination/transport:

This subtree contains information about other hosts in the network, the services available on those hosts, and the TLS transport certificate properties if TLS is selected as the transport protocol. Knowing that a service like syslog (udp/514) is enabled on the host will allow a malicious user to spam the host on that port.

remote/destination/signing: This subtree contains information about the syslog message signing properties, including signing certificate information.

There are no RPC operations defined in this YANG module.

9. References

9.1. Normative References

- [RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, DOI 10.17487/RFC2119, March 1997, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc2119>>.
- [RFC3688] Mealling, M., "The IETF XML Registry", BCP 81, RFC 3688, DOI 10.17487/RFC3688, January 2004, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc3688>>.
- [RFC4252] Ylonen, T. and C. Lonvick, Ed., "The Secure Shell (SSH) Authentication Protocol", RFC 4252, DOI 10.17487/RFC4252, January 2006, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc4252>>.
- [RFC5424] Gerhards, R., "The Syslog Protocol", RFC 5424, DOI 10.17487/RFC5424, March 2009, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc5424>>.
- [RFC5425] Miao, F., Ed., Ma, Y., Ed., and J. Salowey, Ed., "Transport Layer Security (TLS) Transport Mapping for Syslog", RFC 5425, DOI 10.17487/RFC5425, March 2009, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc5425>>.
- [RFC5426] Okmianski, A., "Transmission of Syslog Messages over UDP", RFC 5426, DOI 10.17487/RFC5426, March 2009, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc5426>>.
- [RFC5848] Kelsey, J., Callas, J., and A. Clemm, "Signed Syslog Messages", RFC 5848, DOI 10.17487/RFC5848, May 2010, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc5848>>.
- [RFC6241] Enns, R., Ed., Bjorklund, M., Ed., Schoenwaelder, J., Ed., and A. Bierman, Ed., "Network Configuration Protocol (NETCONF)", RFC 6241, DOI 10.17487/RFC6241, June 2011, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6241>>.
- [RFC6991] Schoenwaelder, J., Ed., "Common YANG Data Types", RFC 6991, DOI 10.17487/RFC6991, July 2013, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6991>>.
- [RFC7950] Bjorklund, M., Ed., "The YANG 1.1 Data Modeling Language", RFC 7950, DOI 10.17487/RFC7950, August 2016, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7950>>.
- [RFC8040] Bierman, A., Bjorklund, M., and K. Watsen, "RESTCONF Protocol", RFC 8040, DOI 10.17487/RFC8040, January 2017, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8040>>.

- [RFC8089] Kerwin, M., "The "file" URI Scheme", RFC 8089, DOI 10.17487/RFC8089, February 2017, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8089>>.
- [RFC8174] Leiba, B., "Ambiguity of Uppercase vs Lowercase in RFC 2119 Key Words", BCP 14, RFC 8174, DOI 10.17487/RFC8174, May 2017, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8174>>.
- [RFC8341] Bierman, A. and M. Bjorklund, "Network Configuration Access Control Model", STD 91, RFC 8341, DOI 10.17487/RFC8341, March 2018, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8341>>.
- [RFC8343] Bjorklund, M., "A YANG Data Model for Interface Management", RFC 8343, DOI 10.17487/RFC8343, March 2018, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8343>>.
- [RFC8407] Bierman, A., "Guidelines for Authors and Reviewers of Documents Containing YANG Data Models", BCP 216, RFC 8407, DOI 10.17487/RFC8407, October 2018, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8407>>.
- [RFC8446] Rescorla, E., "The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol Version 1.3", RFC 8446, DOI 10.17487/RFC8446, August 2018, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8446>>.
- [RFC8525] Bierman, A., Bjorklund, M., Schoenwaelder, J., Watsen, K., and R. Wilton, "YANG Library", RFC 8525, DOI 10.17487/RFC8525, March 2019, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8525>>.
- [RFC9640] Watsen, K., "YANG Data Types and Groupings for Cryptography", RFC 9640, DOI 10.17487/RFC9640, October 2024, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc9640>>.
- [RFC9645] Watsen, K., "YANG Groupings for TLS Clients and TLS Servers", RFC 9645, DOI 10.17487/RFC9645, October 2024, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc9645>>.
- [Std-1003.1-2008] The Open Group, ""Chapter 9: Regular Expressions" The Open Group Base Specifications Issue 6, IEEE Std 1003.1-2008, 2016 Edition", September 2016, <<https://pubs.opengroup.org/onlinepubs/9699919799.2016edition/>>.

9.2. Informative References

- [RFC8340] Bjorklund, M. and L. Berger, Ed., "YANG Tree Diagrams", BCP 215, RFC 8340, DOI 10.17487/RFC8340, March 2018, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8340>>.
- [RFC8342] Bjorklund, M., Schoenwaelder, J., Shafer, P., Watsen, K., and R. Wilton, "Network Management Datastore Architecture (NMDA)", RFC 8342, DOI 10.17487/RFC8342, March 2018, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8342>>.

Appendix A. Tree Diagrams

A.1. Complete Tree Diagram

[note: '\' line wrapping for formatting only]

```

module: ietf-syslog
+--rw syslog!
+--rw actions
+--rw console! {console-action}?
| +--rw filter
| | +--rw facility-list* [facility severity]
| | | +--rw facility          union
| | | +--rw severity          union
| | | +--rw advanced-compare {select-adv-compare}?
| | | | +--rw compare?      enumeration
| | | | +--rw action?       identityref
| | +--rw pattern-match?   string {select-match}?
+--rw file {file-action}?
+--rw log-file* [name]
+--rw name          inet:uri
+--rw filter
| +--rw facility-list* [facility severity]
| | +--rw facility          union
| | +--rw severity          union
| | +--rw advanced-compare {select-adv-compare}?
| | | +--rw compare?      enumeration
| | | +--rw action?       identityref
+--rw pattern-match?   string {select-match}?
+--rw structured-data? boolean {structured-data}?
+--rw file-rotation
+--rw number-of-files? uint32 {file-limit-size}?
+--rw max-file-size?  uint32 {file-limit-size}?
+--rw rollover?       uint32
| {file-limit-duration}?
+--rw retention?      uint32
| {file-limit-duration}?
+--rw remote {remote-action}?
+--rw destination* [name]
+--rw name            string
+--rw (transport)
| +--:(udp)
| | +--rw udp
| | | +--rw udp* [address]
| | | | +--rw address  inet:host
| | | | +--rw port?   inet:port-number
+--:(tls)
+--rw tls
+--rw tls* [address]
+--rw address          inet:host
+--rw port?
| inet:port-number
+--rw client-identity!
| +--rw (auth-type)

```

				+++:(certificate)
				{client-ident-x509-cert}?
			+-rw	certificate
			+-rw	(inline-or-keystore)
			+++:(inline)	
s-supported}?				{inline-definition\
			+-rw	inline-definition
at?			+-rw	public-key-form\
				identityref
			+-rw	public-key?
				binary
mat?			+-rw	private-key-for\
				identityref
pe)			+-rw	(private-key-ty\
vate-key)				+++:(cleartext-pri\
t-private-keys}?				{cleartex\
-private-key?				+-rw cleartext\
				binary
e-key)			+++:(hidden-privat\	
ivate-keys}?				{hidden-p\
ivate-key?				+-rw hidden-pr\
				empty
vate-key)			+++:(encrypted-pri\	
d-private-keys}?				{encrypte\
-private-key				+-rw encrypted\
ted-by				+-rw encryp\
ted-value-format				+-rw encryp\
tityref				iden\
ted-value				+-rw encryp\
ry				bina\
			+-rw	cert-data?
rt-cms				end-entity-ce\
iration			++++n	certificate-exp\
expiration-notification}?				{certificate-\
e				+- expiration-dat\
				yang:date-\

and-time					++++x generate-csr
on}?)					{csr-generati\
t					++++w input
yref					+---w csr-forma\
o					identit\
)					+---w csr-info
)					csr-inf\
-csr?					---ro output
10-csr					---ro (csr-type\
supported, asymmetric-keys)?					---:(p10-csr\
eference					---ro p10\
ymmetric-key-ref					p\
ore-supported, asymmetric-keys)?					---:(central-keystore)
y}?)					{central-keystore-\
s-supported)?					---rw central-keystore-r\
at?					---rw asymmetric-key?\
mat?					ks:central-as\
pe)					{central-keys\
vate-key)					---rw certificate?
t-private-keys)?					leafref
					---:(raw-public-key)
					{client-ident-raw-public-ke\
					---rw raw-private-key
					---rw (inline-or-keystore)
					---:(inline)
					{inline-definition\
					---rw inline-definition
					---rw public-key-form\
					identityref
					---rw public-key?
					binary
					---rw private-key-for\
					identityref
					---rw (private-key-ty\
					---:(cleartext-pri\
					{cleartex\
					---rw cleartext\

metric-key)						{encrypte\
d-symmetric-keys}?						+--rw encrypted\
-symmetric-key						+--rw encryp\
ted-by						+--rw encryp\
ted-value-format						+--rw encryp\
tityref						iden\
ted-value						+--rw encryp\
ry						bina\
supported,symmetric-keys}?						+--:(central-keystore) {central-keystore-\
eference?						+--rw central-keystore-r\
tric-key-ref						ks:central-symme\
						+--rw id? string
						+--:(tls13-epsk) {client-ident-tls13-epsk}?
						+--rw tls13-epsk
						+--rw (inline-or-keystore)
						+--:(inline) {inline-definition\
s-supported}?						+--rw inline-definition
						+--rw key-format?
						identityref
						+--rw (key-type)
						+--:(cleartext-sym\
metric-key)						+--rw cleartext\
-symmetric-key?						binary {cleart\
ext-symmetric-keys}?						+--:(hidden-symmet\
ric-key)						{hidden-s\
ymmetric-keys}?						+--rw hidden-sy\
mmetric-key?						empty +--:(encrypted-sym\
metric-key)						{encrypte\
d-symmetric-keys}?						+--rw encrypted\
-symmetric-key						+--rw encryp\
ted-by						+--rw encryp\

ted-value-format						iden\
tityref						+--rw encryp\
ted-value						bina\
ry						+--:(central-keystore)
supported,symmetric-keys}?						{central-keystore-\
eference?						+--rw central-keystore-r\
tric-key-ref						ks:central-symme\
hash						+--rw external-identity
						string
						+--rw hash?
						tlscmn:epsk-supported-\
						+--rw context?
						string
						+--rw target-protocol?
						uint16
						+--rw target-kdf?
						uint16
						+--rw server-authentication
?						+--rw ca-certs! {server-auth-x509-cert}\
						+--rw (inline-or-truststore)
						+--:(inline)
orted}?						{inline-definitions-supp\
						+--rw inline-definition
						+--rw certificate* [name]
						+--rw name
						string
						+--rw cert-data
t-cms						trust-anchor-cer\
tion						+---n certificate-expira\
iration-notification}?						{certificate-exp\
-time						+-- expiration-date
						yang:date-and\
orted,certificates}?						+--:(central-truststore)
						{central-truststore-supp\
ence?						+--rw central-truststore-refer\
-bag-ref						ts:central-certificate\
?						+--rw ee-certs! {server-auth-x509-cert}\
						+--rw (inline-or-truststore)
						+--:(inline)
						{inline-definitions-supp\

orted}?				+--rw inline-definition +--rw certificate* [name] +--rw name string +--rw cert-data trust-anchor-cer\
t-cms				+---n certificate-expira\
tion				{certificate-exp\
iration-notification)?				+-- expiration-date yang:date-and\
-time				+--:(central-truststore) {central-truststore-supp\
orted,certificates)?				+--rw central-truststore-refer\
ence?				ts:central-certificate\
-bag-ref				+--rw raw-public-keys! {server-auth-raw-public-key}? +--rw (inline-or-truststore) +--:(inline) {inline-definitions-supp\
orted}?				+--rw inline-definition +--rw public-key* [name] +--rw name string +--rw public-key-format identityref +--rw public-key binary +--:(central-truststore) {central-truststore-supp\
orted,public-keys)?				+--rw central-truststore-refer\
ence?				ts:central-public-key-\
bag-ref				+--rw tls12-psks? empty {server-auth-tls12-psk}? +--rw tls13-epsks? empty {server-auth-tls13-epsk}? +--rw hello-params {tlscmn:hello-params}? +--rw tls-versions +--rw min? identityref +--rw max? identityref +--rw cipher-suites +--rw cipher-suite* tlscsa:tls-cipher-suite-algo\
rithm				+--rw keepalives {tls-client-keepalives}? +--rw peer-allowed-to-send? empty +--rw test-peer-aliveness!

```

|           +---rw max-wait?      uint16
|           +---rw max-attempts?  uint8
+---rw filter
|   +---rw facility-list* [facility severity]
|       +---rw facility          union
|       +---rw severity          union
|       +---rw advanced-compare {select-adv-compare}?
|           +---rw compare?      enumeration
|           +---rw action?       identityref
+---rw pattern-match?           string {select-match}?
+---rw structured-data?         boolean {structured-data}?
+---rw facility-override?      identityref
+---rw source-interface?       if:interface-ref
|           {remote-source-interface}?
+---rw signing! {signed-messages}?
    +---rw cert-signers
        +---rw cert-signer* [name]
            +---rw name          string
            +---rw cert
            |   +---rw public-key-format?
            |   |   |   identityref
            |   |   +---rw public-key?          binar\
y
            |   |   +---rw private-key-format?
            |   |   |   identityref
            |   |   +---rw (private-key-type)
            |   |   |   +---:(cleartext-private-key)
            |   |   |   |   {cleartext-private-keys}?
            |   |   |   |   +---rw cleartext-private-key?  binar\
y
            |   |   |   +---:(hidden-private-key)
            |   |   |   |   {hidden-private-keys}?
            |   |   |   |   +---rw hidden-private-key?      empty\
            |   |   |   +---:(encrypted-private-key)
            |   |   |   |   {encrypted-private-keys}?
            |   |   |   |   +---rw encrypted-private-key
            |   |   |   |   +---rw encrypted-by
            |   |   |   |   +---rw encrypted-value-format
            |   |   |   |   |   identityref
            |   |   |   |   +---rw encrypted-value
            |   |   |   |   |   binary
            |   |   +---rw cert-data?
            |   |   |   end-entity-cert-cms
            |   +---n certificate-expiration
            |   |   {certificate-expiration-notificati\
on}?
            |   |   +--- expiration-date
            |   |   |   yang:date-and-time
            |   +---x generate-csr {csr-generation}?
            |       +---w input
            |           |   +---w csr-format      identityref
            |           |   +---w csr-info        csr-info
            |       +---ro output
            |           +---ro (csr-type)
            |           |   +---:(p10-csr)
            |           |   +---ro p10-csr?      p10-csr
            +---rw hash-algorithm?  enumeration

```

```
+-rw cert-initial-repeat? uint32
+-rw cert-resend-delay?   uint32
+-rw cert-resend-count?   uint32
+-rw sig-max-delay?       uint32
+-rw sig-number-resends?  uint32
+-rw sig-resend-delay?    uint32
+-rw sig-resend-count?    uint32
```

Appendix B. Implementer Guidelines

B.1. Extending Facilities

Many vendors extend the list of facilities available for logging in their implementation. Additional facilities may not work with the syslog protocol as defined in [\[RFC5424\]](#). Thus, such facilities apply for local syslog-like logging functionality.

The following is an example that shows how additional facilities could be added to the list of available facilities (two facilities are added in this example):

```
module example-vendor-syslog-types {
  namespace "http://example.com/ns/vendor-syslog-types";
  prefix vendor-syslogtypes;

  import ietf-syslog {
    prefix syslog;
  }

  organization
    "Example, Inc.";
  contact
    "Example, Inc.
     Customer Service

     Email: syslog-yang@example.com";
  description
    "This module contains a collection of vendor-specific YANG type
     definitions for Syslog.";

  revision 2025-03-03 {
    description
      "Version 1.0";
    reference
      "Vendor Syslog Types: Syslog YANG Module";
  }

  identity vendor_specific_type_1 {
    base syslog:syslog-facility;
    description
      "Adding vendor-specific type 1 to syslog-facility";
  }

  identity vendor_specific_type_2 {
    base syslog:syslog-facility;
    description
      "Adding vendor-specific type 2 to syslog-facility";
  }
}
```

B.2. Syslog Terminal Output

Terminal output with requirements more complex than the console subtree currently provides are expected to be supported via vendor extensions rather than handled via the file subtree.

B.3. Syslog File Naming Convention

The `syslog/file/log-file/file-rotation` container contains configuration parameters for syslog file rotation. This section describes how these fields might be used by an implementer to name syslog files in a rotation process. This information is offered as an informative guide only.

When an active syslog file with a name specified by `log-file/name` reaches `log-file/max-file-size` and/or syslog events arrive after the period specified by `log-file/rollover`, the logging system can close the file, compress it, and name the archive file `<log-file/ name>.0.gz`. The logging system can then open a new active syslog file `<log-file/name>`.

When the new syslog file reaches either of the size limits referenced above, `<log-file/name>.0.gz` can be renamed `<log-file/name>.1.gz` and the new syslog file can be closed, compressed, and renamed `<log-file/ name>.0.gz`. Each time that a new syslog file is closed, each of the prior syslog archive files named `<log-file/name>.<n>.gz` can be renamed to `<log-file/name>.<n + 1>.gz`.

Removal of archive log files could occur when either or both:

- `log-file/number-of-files` is specified. The logging system can create up to `log-file/number-of-files` syslog archive files, after which the contents of the oldest archived file could be overwritten.
- `log-file/retention` is specified. The logging system can remove those syslog archive files whose file expiration time (file creation time plus the specified `log-file/retention` time) is prior to the current time.

Acknowledgements

The authors wish to thank the following who commented on this proposal:

Andy Bierman, Martin Bjorklund, Alex Campbell, Alex Clemm, Francis Dupont, Jim Gibson, Jeffrey Haas, Bob Harold, John Heasley, Giles Heron, Lisa Huang, Mahesh Jethanandani, Warren Kumari, Jeffrey K Lange, Jan Lindblad, Chris Lonvick, Alexey Melnikov, Kathleen Moriarty, Tom Petch, Adam Roach, Juergen Schoenwaelder, Phil Shafer, Yaron Sheffer, Jason Sterne, Peter Van Horne, Kent Watsen, Bert Wijnen, Dale R Worley, and Aleksandr Zhdankin.

Authors' Addresses

Joe Clarke (EDITOR)

Cisco
United States of America
Email: jclarke@cisco.com

Mahesh Jethanandani (EDITOR)

Kloud Services
United States of America
Email: mjethanandani@gmail.com

Clyde Wildes (EDITOR)

Cisco Systems Inc.
170 West Tasman Drive
San Jose, CA 95134
United States of America
Phone: [+1 415 819-6111](tel:+14158196111)
Email: clyde@clydewildes.com

Kiran Koushik (EDITOR)

Verizon Wireless
500 W Dove Rd.
Southlake, TX 76092
United States of America
Phone: [+1 512 650-0210](tel:+15126500210)
Email: kirankoushik.agraharasreenivasa@verizonwireless.com